Refer to the outline and wiring drawings provided with your 7000 Series ACTB for all installation and connection details and accessories.

Refer to Group 5 Controller User’s Guide 381333–126 for ATS status display messages, time delays, pickup & dropout settings, and adjustments.

An experienced licensed electrician must install the 7ACTB.

Rating Label

Each 7000 Series 7ACTB contains a rating label to define the load and fault circuit withstand/closing ratings. Refer to the label on the Transfer Switch for specific values.

Do not exceed the values on the rating label. Exceeding the rating can cause personal injury or serious equipment damage.

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**Nameplate**

The Transfer Switch nameplate includes data for each specific 7000 Series ACTB. Use the switch only within the limits shown on this nameplate. A typical Catalog Number is shown below with its elements explained.

**Catalog Number Identification**

Typical 7000 Series ACTB catalog no. for overlapping neutral, 3 pole, 600 amp, 480 V, ATS in Type 1 enclosure:

J7ACTB C 3 600 N 5 C

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Neutral</th>
<th>Phase Poles</th>
<th>Amperes</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Controller</th>
<th>Enclosure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A – solid</td>
<td>2 – single Ø</td>
<td>150 A 115</td>
<td>J 400</td>
<td>5 – standard</td>
<td>C – type 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B – switched</td>
<td>3 – three Ø</td>
<td>260 B 120</td>
<td>K 415</td>
<td>5X – if accessories ordered</td>
<td>F – type 3R</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C – overlapping blank – none</td>
<td></td>
<td>400 C 208</td>
<td>L 440</td>
<td></td>
<td>G – type 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>600 D 220</td>
<td>M 460</td>
<td></td>
<td>L – type 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>E 230</td>
<td>N 480</td>
<td>blank – open type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>F 240</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>G 277</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>H 380</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

optional Accessory

Transfer/Bypass Status Panel

Bypass Handle

Isolation Handle

Transfer Switch (inside)

Standard Controls & Indicators

Group 5 Controller

Typical 7000 Series ACTB catalog no. for overlapping neutral, 3 pole, 600 amp, 480 V, ATS in Type 1 enclosure:
SECTION 1 INSTALLATION

ASCO 7000 Series Automatic Closed–Transition Transfer & Bypass–Isolation Switches (7ACTBs) are factory wired and tested. Field installation requires mounting and connection of service cables, and auxiliary control circuits (if required).

Remove the Shipping Skid
Open the enclosure’s lower front door and also remove the lower rear access panel. Then remove the four lag screws (2 in front, 2 in rear) securing the enclosure to the shipping skid.

Supporting Foundation
The supporting foundation for the enclosure must be level and straight. Refer to the applicable enclosure outline drawing included with the switch for all mounting details including door opening space.

If bottom cable entry is used, the foundation must be prepared so that the conduit stubs are located correctly. Refer to the enclosure outline drawing for specified area and location. Provide cable bending space and clearance to live metal parts. When a concrete floor is poured, use interlocking conduit spacer caps or a wood or metal template to maintain proper conduit alignment.

Mounting
Refer to the applicable enclosure outline drawing furnished with this switch and mount the automatic transfer switch according to details and instructions shown on diagram.

Line Connections
Refer to the Wiring Diagram provided with the switch. All wiring must be made in accordance with the National Electrical Code and local codes.

Do not remove the interphase barriers from the transfer switch. Always protect the transfer switch, bypass switch, and isolation contacts and mechanisms from construction grit and metal chips when cabling.

Testing Power Conductors
Do not connect the power conductors to the transfer switch until they are tested. Installing power cables in conduit, cable troughs and ceiling-suspended hangers often requires considerable force. The pulling of cables can damage insulation and stretch or break the conductor’s strands. For this reason, after the cables are pulled into position, and before they are connected, they should be tested to verify that they are not defective or have been damaged during installation.

CAUTION
Protect the switch from construction grit and metal chips to prevent malfunction or shortened life of the 7ACTB switch.

Connecting Power Conductors
After the power cables have been tested, connect them to the appropriate terminal lugs on the bypass switch as shown on the wiring diagram provided with the switch. Make sure the lugs provided are suitable for use with the cables being installed. Standard terminal lugs are solderless screw type and will accept the wire sizes listed on the drawings provided with the 7ACTB. Be careful when stripping insulation from the cables; avoid nipping or ringing the conductor. Remove surface oxides from cables by cleaning with a wire brush. When aluminum cable is used, apply joint compound to conductors. Tighten cable lugs to the torque specified on rating label.

Controller Ground
A grounding wire must be connected to the controller’s lower left mounting stud. Because the controller is mounted on the enclosure door, a conductive strap must be used between the enclosure and the door. This connection provides proper grounding which does not rely upon the door hinges.

Harnesses
The transfer switch is connected to the left side of the controller by a plug-in harness (two plugs).

DANGERS
De-energize the conductors before making any line or auxiliary circuitry connections. Be sure that Normal and Emergency line connections are in proper phase rotation. Place engine generator starting control in the OFF position. Make sure engine generator is not in operation.
Engine Starting Contacts

All customer connections, including the engine control contact connections, are located on terminal block TB which is mounted on the top right side of the enclosure. Refer to the wiring diagram provided with the automatic transfer switch and connect the engine start wires to the appropriate terminals. See Figure 1–1 and Table A.

Table A. Engine start connections.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>When normal source fails</th>
<th>Terminals on Terminal Block TB</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>contact closes</td>
<td>TB1 and TB2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contact opens</td>
<td>TB1 and TB3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: To temporarily disable engine control from the automatic transfer switch you can unplug J3 from the small P3 receptacle at the bottom of the assembly. Be sure to reconnect plug J3 to the P3 receptacle for automatic transfer switch operation.

Auxiliary Circuits

Connect auxiliary circuit wires to appropriate terminals on transfer switch terminal block TB as shown on the wiring diagram provided with this automatic transfer switch.

Functional Test

The Functional Test consists of two checks:

1. Voltage Checks, page 1–3
2. Electrical Operation, page 1–4

Do these checks in the order presented to avoid damaging the 7ACTB.

Read all instructions on the Wiring Diagram and labels affixed to the automatic transfer & bypass–isolation switch. Note the control features that are provided and review their operation before proceeding.

Continue to 1 – Voltage Checks on next page.
Figure 1-2. Standard controls and indicators.

**Functional Test**

Read all instructions on the *Wiring Diagrams* and labels affixed to the 7ACTB. Note the control features that are provided and review their operation before proceeding.

After installing the 7ACTB check the following:
- Bypass Handle should be in the *NORMAL* position.
- Isolation Handle should be in the *CONN* position.
- CN transfer switch should be *C* (closed)
- CE transfer switch should be *O* (open)

If handles are not in correct positions, follow instructions for Bypassing and Isolating the automatic transfer switch in Section 3. Do not force the handles. Electrical interlocks prevent a wrong sequence of operation.

**1 – Voltage Checks**

First check nameplate on transfer switch; rated voltage must be the same as normal and emergency line voltages.

**WARNING**

*Use extreme caution when using a meter to measure voltages. Do not touch power terminals; shock, burns, or death could result!*

Perform steps 1–6 at the right. Observe the status lights. See Figure 1–2.

- □ Black square means light is on.
- □ White square means light is off.

* If necessary, adjust voltage regulator on generator per the manufacturer’s recommendations. The 7ACTB will respond only to rated voltage specified on the nameplate.

Now continue to **2 – Electrical Operation** on next page.
**2 – Electrical Operation**

This procedure checks electrical operation of the ACTS.

---

**WARNING**

Close enclosure door before proceeding to prevent personal injury in case of electrical system fault.

---

**Transfer Test**

The ATS should still be bypassed. Both normal and emergency sources must be available and the emergency source generator (if used) must be capable of being started; put engine starting control in automatic position. The *Transfer Switch Connected to Normal* light and the *Normal Source Accepted* light should be on.

1. Turn the **Isolation Handle** counterclockwise to the **TEST** position.
   
   **NOTE**: The engine generator may be signalled to start while turning the Isolation Handle. If emergency source is available, the ATS may operate to the emergency position. If it does, operate **Retransfer Delay Bypass** switch.

2. Perform steps 1–5 at right. Observe the status lights. See Figure 1–3.
   - Black square means light is on.
   - White square means light is off.

3. Turn the **Isolation Handle** clockwise to the **CONN** (connected) position.

4. Turn **Bypass Handle** clockwise to the **OPEN** position.

   **If you do not want closed–transition transfer, press the Closed Transition Bypass pushbutton while the controller display shows Waiting for In–Sync. This action causes open–transition (momentary load interruption) transfer to the opposite source, if conditions permit. Also refer to the Group 5 Controller User’s Guide 381333–126.**

5. **Turn and hold** Transfer Control switch clockwise to Transfer Test until the engine starts and runs (within 15 sec.). The *Emergency Source Accepted* light should come on.

6. Transfer switch CE closes and then transfer switch CN opens (closed–transition overlap). The *Transfer Switch Connected To Emergency* light should come on and the *Transfer Switch Connected To Normal* light goes off (you might see and hear the brief overlap transfer). **

7. Transfer switch will operate back to Normal position after Feature 3E time delay. For immediate retransfer turn **Transfer Control** counterclockwise to **Retransfer Delay Bypass**. The *Transfer Switch Connected To Normal* light should come on; *Transfer Switch Connected To Emergency* light should go off.

8. The engine–generator will stop after the Feature 2E time delay (unloaded running engine cooldown). The *Emergency Source Accepted* light should go off.

---

This completes the Functional Test of the 7ACTB.
SECTION 2 TESTING & SERVICE

TRANSFER TEST
Test the Automatic Transfer Switch portion of the 7000 Series 7ACTB at least once a month. This procedure checks the electrical operation of the Transfer Switch and Controller. Put the engine–generator starting control (at the engine–generator set) in automatic mode.

In the following test the generator will start, the load will be transferred to the Emergency source, then back to the Normal source. With both sources available the load will be transferred in a closed–transition mode.

![WARNING]
Be sure to close the enclosure door before proceeding to prevent personal injury in case of electrical system fault.

Perform the five–step Electrical Operation – Transfer Test procedure on page 1–4.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE
Reasonable care in preventive maintenance will insure high reliability and long life for the 7000 Series 7ACTB. An annual preventive maintenance program is recommended.

ASCO Services, Inc. (ASI) is ASCO Power Technologies’s national service organization. In the US ASI can be contacted at 1-800-800-2726 for information on preventive maintenance agreements.

Checklist for Yearly Inspection
![DANGER]
Hazardous voltage capable of causing shock, burns, or death is used in this switch. Deenergize both Normal – Emergency power sources before performing inspections!

☐ Clean the 7ACTB enclosure.
Brush and vacuum away any excessive dust accumulation. Remove any moisture with a clean cloth.

☐ Check the transfer switch contacts.
Bypass, isolate, and withdraw the transfer switch. Then remove the transfer switch interphase barriers and check the condition of the contacts. Replace contacts when pitted or worn excessively. Reinstall the interphase barriers carefully. See page 3–4.

☐ Maintain transfer switch lubrication.
If switch is subjected to severe dust or abnormal operating conditions, renew factory lubrication on all movements and linkages. Relubricate solenoid operator if TS coil is replaced. Don’t use oil; order lubrication kit 75-100.

☐ Check all cable connections & retighten them.

REPLACEMENT PARTS
Replacement parts are available in kit form. When ordering parts provide the Serial No., Bill of Material No. (BOM), and Catalog No. from the transfer switch nameplate. Contact your local ASCO Power Technologies Sales Office or ASI:

In the United States
call 1 – 800 – 800 – ASCO (2726)

In Canada
call 1 – 888 – 234 – ASCO (2726)

DISCONNECTING THE CONTROLLER
The harness disconnect plugs are furnished for repair purposes only and should not have to be unplugged. If the controller must be isolated, follow these steps:

![DANGER]
Bypass–Isolation Switch is energized! Do not touch isolation contact fingers; shock, burns, or death could result!

Disconnecting the Plugs
1. Bypass and Isolate the Automatic Transfer Switch.
2. Open the upper enclosure door.
3. Separate the two quick disconnect plugs by squeezing the latches. Do not pull on the harness wires.

Reconnecting the Plugs
1. The ATS should be still bypassed and isolated.
2. The two harness plugs and sockets are keyed. Carefully align the plugs with the sockets and press straight in until the latches click.
3. Close the enclosure doors.

MANUAL LOAD TRANSFER
This procedure manually transfers load to other source if the Transfer Switch or Controller are out of service.

![WARNING]
Close enclosure doors to prevent personal injury in case of electrical system fault.

1. Bypass the connected ACTB source. Turn Bypass Handle to EMERGENCY or NORMAL (see page 3–2).
2. Isolate to Test. Turn the Isolation Handle to TEST position (see page 3–3).
3. Turn the Bypass Handle to OPEN, then to the other source (see page 3–1). The load will be interrupted.
4. Turn the Isolation Handle clockwise to the CONN [connected] position (see page 3–4).
### TROUBLE-SHOOTING

Note any optional accessories that may be furnished on the 7ACTB and review their operation. Refer to any separate drawings and/or instructions that may be packed with the 7ACTB. See Table B.

---

### Table B. Trouble-Shooting Checks.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROBLEM</th>
<th>CHECK IN NUMERICAL SEQUENCE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine–generator set does not start when the <strong>Transfer Control</strong> switch is turned and held in <strong>Transfer Test</strong> position or when normal source fails.</td>
<td>Hold <strong>Transfer Test</strong> switch 15 seconds or the outage must be long enough to allow for Feature 1C time delay plus engine cranking and starting. Starting control must be in the automatic position. Batteries must be charged and connected. Check wiring to engine starting contacts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer switch does not transfer the load to the emergency source after the engine–generator set starts.</td>
<td>Wait for Feature 2B time delay to time out. Generator output circuit breaker must be closed. Generator frequency must be at least 95% of nominal (57 Hz for a 60 Hz system). Voltmeter should read at least 90% of nominal phase to phase voltage between terminals EA and EC (or EL1 and EL2 for 2 pole switches).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer switch does not transfer the load to normal source when normal returns or when the <strong>Transfer Control</strong> switch is released.</td>
<td>Wait for Feature 3A time delay to time out. Voltmeter should read at least 90% of nominal phase to phase voltage between terminals NB and NC, NC and NA, and NA and NB (or NL1 and NL2 for 2 pole switches).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gen. does not stop after load retransfer to normal source.</td>
<td>Wait for Feature 2E time delay to time out. Starting control must be in the automatic position. Voltmeter should read at least 90% of nominal phase to phase voltage between terminals EA and EC (or EL1 and EL2 for 2 pole switches).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* These are factory settings. Refer to **Controller's User's Guide**.

---

If the problem is isolated to circuits on the controller or the transfer switch, call your local ASCO Power Technologies sales office or ASI: in the United States, call 1–800–800–2726 or in Canada call 1–888–234–2726. Furnish the Serial No., Catalog No., and Bill of Material (BOM) No. from the transfer switch nameplate.
MAINTENANCE HANDLE

DANGER

Bypass and isolate the Transfer Switch before using the maintenance handle! See pages 3–1 through 3–4. Remove the maintenance handle after using it; store it inside.

1. Bypass, isolate, and withdraw the transfer switch (pages 3–1 through 3–4). Then locate and remove the maintenance handle from the clip (inside lower left side). Insert the handle onto the shaft on the left side of the operator of the transfer switch. See Figures 2–1, 2–2, 2–3 and Table C.

2. Move the maintenance handle up or down as shown to manually operate the transfer switch. Operate both upper and lower contact shafts. Observe the window indicators (right side). Remove the maintenance handle and store it on the lower left side.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ATS Position</th>
<th>Handle</th>
<th>Indicators</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>up</td>
<td>E = O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>upper contacts open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>down</td>
<td>N = C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>lower contacts closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency</td>
<td>up</td>
<td>E = C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>upper contacts closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>down</td>
<td>N = O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>lower contacts open</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: If Normal and Emergency connections are reversed this operation is also reversed.

Figure 2–1. Contact position indicators.

Figure 2–2. Maintenance handle operation for Emergency source contacts (upper shaft).

Figure 2–3. Maintenance handle operation for Normal source contacts (lower shaft).
SECTION 3 BYPASSING & ISOLATING

BYPASSING THE ATS*

This procedure explains how to Bypass the closed transfer switch contacts. Bypassing is required before the Transfer Switch can be tested or isolated. The Bypass Switch Handle must be in the OPEN position (green window indicator) and the Isolation Handle must be in the CONN [connected] position (window indicator). The TS Connected light must be on. See Figures 3–1, 3–2, 3–3.

**CAUTION**

You can only bypass to the same source that the Transfer Switch is connected. Solenoid interlock prevents incorrect operation.

1. Observe which Transfer Switch Connected To light is on (Normal or Emergency) on the door. This is the position of the transfer switch (see Figure 3–2).

2. Follow the directions on next page to Bypass to the same source as connected to transfer switch (select Normal or Emergency).

Window indicator shows yellow when ATS is bypassed to Emergency.

Window indicator shows green when the ATS is not bypassed.

Window indicator shows yellow when ATS is bypassed to Normal.

NOTE: The 7ATB contains mechanical (window) indicators for the bypass switch and transfer switch positions in addition to the LED status lights.

Allowable Positions of the Bypass Switch in relation to Positions of the Transfer Switch (with Isolation Handle in the Conn [connected] position and TS Connected light on)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transfer Switch</th>
<th>Bypass Switch can be in either</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If Transfer Switch is in Normal position.</td>
<td>Open or Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If Transfer Switch is in Emergency position.</td>
<td>Open or Emergency</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3–1. Status lights and Engine Control.

Figure 3–2. Status lights for Transfer Switch main contact position.

Figure 3–3. Status lights for Transfer Switch isolation contact position.
BYPASSING & ISOLATING

To Bypass Normal Source*

(Load connected to Normal Source)
The Transfer Switch Connected To Normal light is on and Transfer Switch Connected To Emergency light is off.

Push in* the Bypass Handle all the way, then turn it counterclockwise.*

Push in* the Bypass Handle all the way, then turn it counterclockwise until Bypass Switch Position shows closed on NORMAL (yellow window indicator). The green light Bypassed to Normal will come on and the amber light Not In Automatic will flash.

Figure 3–5. Bypass to Normal diagram.

To Bypass Emergency Source*

(Load connected to Emergency Source)
The Transfer Switch Connected To Emergency light is on and Transfer Switch Connected To Normal light is off.

Turn* the Bypass Handle clockwise.*

Turn* the Bypass Handle clockwise until Bypass Switch Position shows closed on EMERGENCY (yellow window indicator). The red light Bypassed to Emergency will come on and the amber light Not In Automatic will flash.

Figure 3–7. Bypass to Emergency diagram.

The automatic transfer switch can now be put in the TEST or OPEN position. See ISOLATING on page 3–3.

*NOTE: When Accessory 40*B (reversed Normal & Emergency connections) is specified, the handle operation is reversed. Follow instructions on the door.
ISOLATING THE ATS

Isolating is required before any service work can be performed on the automatic transfer switch (ATS). Refer to Figures 3–9, 3–10, 3–11, and 3–12.

1. Bypass the closed automatic transfer switch contacts. See BYPASSING on pages 3–1 and 3–2.

2. Turn the Isolation Handle counterclockwise (approx. 8 turns) until window shows TEST. The TS Test amber lights should come on. The ATS can be tested now without load interruption (see page 2–1).

3. Continue turning Isolation Handle counterclockwise (approx. 6 turns) until the window shows ISOLATE. The TS Isolated amber light should come on.

NOTE: In the TEST position the transfer switch solenoid operator circuit is energized through secondary disconnects.

DANGER

Hazardous voltage capable of causing electrical shock, burns, or death; do not touch any control circuit terminals.
4. Open the lower enclosure door. Pull out both left and right side rails then use the two tab handles to roll out the transfer switch. It can be safely inspected in this position. The transfer switch can also be removed for easier maintenance operations. See Figure 3–13.

**DANGER**

Hazardous voltage capable of causing electrical shock, burns, or death; do not touch any control circuit terminals.

---

**WARNING**

The Transfer Switch weighs about 150 lbs. depending upon the number of poles. Use lifting device 812053 or other device capable of lifting this weight to avoid personal injury or equipment damage. Two persons are recommended.

---

**Contact Inspection**

Contact condition should be checked annually. Discoloration is normal. Do not file contacts because it wastes material. Instead use light emery paper to clean up the contact surfaces. The non-replaceable main contacts are designed to last the life of the transfer switch.

**DANGER**

To prevent the possibility of fatal electrical shocks and burns, bypass, isolate, and withdraw the transfer switch before working on it.

---

1. **Deenergize transfer switch** (pages 3–1 thru 3–4)
   Bypass, isolate, and withdraw transfer switch. Use a voltmeter to verify that no electrical power is present at the transfer switch terminals.

2. **Use the maintenance handle** (page 2–2).
   Open the contacts that will be inspected by using the detachable maintenance handle.

3. **Remove the barrier** (Figure 3–14).
   Use a phillip screwdriver to loosen (cw) four or six captive round–head screws holding the barrier to the arc chutes. Then pull the barrier straight outward to remove it.

4. **Reinstall the barrier**.
   Install the barrier over the arc chutes. Use a phillips screwdriver to tighten (cw) the four or six round–head screws to secure the barrier to the arc chute insulator nuts. See Figure 3–14.

---

Figure 3–13. Transfer switch isolated and pulled out for inspection.

See page 2–2 for maintenance handle use. A lifting yoke 812053 is available to facilitate lifting by using an overhead crane or similar equipment. See WARNING.

---

Figure 3–14. Barrier removal.
RETURN TO SERVICE

This procedure explains how to return the automatic transfer switch (ATS) to service after inspection and maintenance. Observe the Bypass Switch Position indicator and lights.

1. Use the two tab handles to roll the transfer switch into the enclosure (isolation contacts facing inward) until the crank bearings stop against the draw–in plates. Then push in both side rails and close the enclosure door.

2. Turn Isolation Handle clockwise (approx. 6 turns) until the window shows TEST and TS TEST light comes on.

3. The ATS can be tested now without load interruption (see page 2–1).

4. Observe which Bypass Switch Position window indicator is yellow (NORMAL or EMERGENCY) at the Bypass Switch Handle. This indicates the source connected to the load.

5. Observe which Transfer Switch Connected To light is on (Normal or Emergency) on the door. This is the position of the Transfer Switch. If it is not in the same position as the Bypass Handle change the position of the Transfer Switch as follows:

   To change the position of transfer switch

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operate to NORMAL</th>
<th>Operate to EMERGENCY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Turn Transfer Control switch to Retransfer Delay Bypass.</td>
<td>Turn Transfer Control switch to Transfer Test (hold 15 seconds).*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connected To Normal light should come on.</td>
<td>Connected To Emergency light should come on.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* If Feature 2B time delay is used, there will be a delay before transfer to Emergency.

NOTE: With Normal available, the automatic transfer switch will not stay in the emergency position unless Feature 3A time delay is used (at least 30 seconds).
6. When the transfer switch is in the same position as the Bypass Switch handle, continue turning the Isolation Handle clockwise (about 8 turns) until the window shows CONN (connected).

**WARNING**

Do not close the isolation contacts unless the Transfer Switch (ATS) and Bypass Switch are in the same position!

---

**Figure 3–18.** TEST to CONN (connected) position.

**Figure 3–19.** Isolation Handle turned to CONN.
This procedure explains how to return the Bypass Switch Handle to the OPEN position. The Bypass Handle must be in the CLOSED position (yellow indicator on NORMAL or EMERGENCY) and the Isolation Handle must be in the CONN position (window). See Figures 3–20, 3–21, and 3–22.

**CAUTION**

You can only bypass to the same source that the ATS is connected. Solenoid interlock prevents incorrect operation.

1. Observe which Bypass Switch Position indicator is yellow (NORMAL or EMERGENCY) at the Bypass Switch Handle. This indicates the source connected to the load.
2. Un–Bypass to same source as the Bypass Switch Position as follows (select Normal or Emergency).

### To Un–Bypass Normal Source*

*(Load connected to Normal Source)*

The Transfer Switch Connected To Normal light is on and Transfer Switch Connected To Emergency light is off.

Turn the handle clockwise.*

Turn* the Bypass Handle clockwise until the Bypass Switch Position shows OPEN (green window indicator). The Bypassed to Normal light should go off and the Not In Automatic light should go off.

![Figure 3–21. Un–Bypass Normal diagram.](image)

### To Un–Bypass Emergency Source*

*(Load connected to Emergency Source)*

The Transfer Switch Connected To Emergency light is on and Transfer Switch Connected To Normal light is off.

Turn the handle counterclockwise.*

Turn* the Bypass Handle counterclockwise until the Bypass Switch Position shows OPEN (green window indicator). The Bypassed to Emergency light should go off and the Not In Automatic light should go off.

![Figure 3–22. Un–Bypass Emergency diagram.](image)

The Automatic Transfer & Bypass–Isolation Switch should be left in this position.

*NOTE: When Accessory 40*B (reversed Normal & Emergency connections) is specified, the handle push–pull operation is reversed. Follow instructions on the door.
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